#### **Cryomodule Recovery- Gradient Loss Avoidance and Recovery Scenarios**

#### Mike Drury (Preble standing in)

LSD Re-Baseline Review **Jefferson Lab** November 16, 2012

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# **Establish and maintain operating limits**

- New Performance Baseline from Recommission
  - Make sure we are getting all we can out of the cavities, avoid confusing cavity/cryomodule limitations with other system
- Maintain the best possible performance from the cavities/cryomodules
  - Closer communication / cooperation between Ops and SRF needed.
  - SRF role should not end when the DRVH's are handed over.
  - Better management of cavity gradients needed
    - Documentation of Performance History, need to help the operators know what is important to us
    - Investigation of perceived changes in performance, daily check on all cavities turned down
  - Burn-in periods follow commissioning
    - Vacuum clean-up
    - DRVH verification in the operational environment





### **Failure Modes**

- Failure modes and recovery strategies have been reviewed, risk registry updated – procedures, equipment, supplies, and personnel are identified for use if needed
- Lower Qo's / High Heat Load due to Field Emission
  - Helium Processing 1-2 weeks per zone or pair of zones
- Low quench Gradients
  - No real options short of a full rework
- Hardware failures prevent operation of cavity. (Ex. Tuner)
  - Tuner –feedthru replacement (unlikely as all have been inspected during LSD)





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#### **Failure Modes**

- Vacuum Leaks
  - Helium into Insulating Vacuum (all)
  - Helium into Waveguide Vacuum (C20,C50 only)
  - Helium into Beamline Vacuum (C20,C50 only)
    - Cooldown related, will not know until the cooldown is complete
  - Air Leak into Insulating Vacuum (all)
  - Air Leak into Waveguide Vacuum (C20&C50 cold, C100 warm)
  - Air Leak into Beamline Vacuum (all)
    - Note: Air Leaks are highly unlikely, we have good leak checks on all systems during the LSD



## **Recovery strategies**

- Small helium leaks
  - Additional pumping, similar to NL11-outgas helium and return to operations or insulating vacuum turbo pump
- Larger leaks Warm up the cryomodule
  - Repair in place 2-3 weeks from start of warm up back to 2K
    - Fix C100 helium to insulating vacuum leak
    - Reconfigure waveguides (C20&C50) to separate waveguides and recover one cavity
- Very large helium leaks
  - Remove cryomodule and rework, C50 program, 9 months 1 M\$
- Air leaks are extremely unlikely we know what to do but not presented here





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## **Options for Empty Slots**

Cryomodule has been removed for repair. How do you make up the lost gradient?

- FEL cryomodules Fight with George
- Spare NPS quarter cryomodule ~10 MeV
- R100 swap operate ~ 70 MV in a normal linac zone
- Rearrange cryomodules in linacs to optimize gradient?
- 1-2 Month turnarounds for swaps depending on locations involved

